



THE CODE OF CRIMINAL AND MISDEMEANOUR LAW (CRIMINAL CODE)

Article 1. General Provisions and Principles of Criminal Law

1.1 Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law.

1.1.1 This Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law establishes the principles of criminal liability and the laws relating to crimes, both felonies and misdemeanours, and the punishments for those crimes.

1.1.2 Where no such provision for a specific crime exists, and yet there remains a clear and unlawful violation of a person's rights, any punishments shall be determined by the Court.

1.1.3 This Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law must be interpreted and applied as a whole, in keeping with criminal law tradition and balancing the interests of justice for the accused and the victim, the interests of state security, the rights and duties of all citizens of the State of San Andreas and the interests of public safety.

1.2 The General Purpose of the Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law.

1.2.1 To proscribe conduct which unjustifiably and inexcusably causes or threatens substantial harm to individual, public or state interests.

1.2.2 To give fair warning of the nature of the conduct proscribed and of the sentences authorised upon conviction.

1.2.3 To define the act of criminal intent or unlawful omission and the accompanying mental state which constitute each offence.

1.2.4 To differentiate on reasonable grounds between serious violations of the law (felonies) and minor violations of the law (misdemeanours) and to proscribe proportionate penalties for these.

1.2.5 To provide for an appropriate public response to particular offences, including consideration of the consequences of the offence for the victim, including the victim's family, and the community.

1.2.6 To insure the public safety by preventing the commission of offences through the deterrent influence of the sentences authorised, the rehabilitation of those convicted, and their confinement when required in the interests of public protection.

1.3 Principles of Corpus Delicti.

1.3.1 A criminal liability is based on the Principle of Corpus Delicti (body of evidence) that a crime must be proved to have occurred before a person can be convicted of committing that crime.

1.3.2 Where no such body of evidence exists, it cannot reasonably be upheld in law that a crime has been committed.

1.4 Principles of Criminal Liability.

1.4.1 Criminal Liability requires that an action was performed by a suspect where the action was unlawful (a crime) and the action performed with criminal intent. Where an action is not unlawful, there cannot be criminal liability, however there may still be civil liability.

1.4.2 Where an action is not intentional or negligent there may still be civil and/or criminal liability if a suspect should have reasonably foreseen the possibility of harm to another party or the property of another party.

1.4.3 Exemption from Criminal Liability may be applied when there is evidence of a crime having been committed but the actions taken that led to the commission of that crime are considered either lawful, reasonable and/or unintentional. Exemption from Criminal Liability can be upheld on the following grounds:

- a) **On the Grounds of Defence of Self (Self-Defence).** On the grounds of self-defence, a suspect who acted intentionally but reasonably given the circumstances cannot be held criminally liable. The Burden of Proof lies with the suspect to prove that their actions were reasonable given the circumstances.
- b) **On the Grounds of Defence of Others.** On the grounds of defence of others, a suspect who acted intentionally but reasonably given the circumstances cannot be held criminally liable. The Burden of Proof lies with the suspect to prove that their actions were reasonable given the circumstances.
- c) **On the Grounds of an Unintentional or Accidental Act.** On the grounds of self-defence, a suspect who acted negligently but not unreasonably may be exempt from criminal liability if they show remorse for their actions and the victim approves of the exemption from criminal liability. No Burden of Proof is required if both the suspect and the victim are present with a law enforcement officer.
- d) **On the Grounds of Performance of Duty.** On the grounds of Performance of Duty, a suspect who acted intentionally and reasonably while performing their duties to the state cannot be held criminally liable so long as the violation was within the limits established by the Code of Civil and Procedural Law. The Burden of Proof lies with the suspect to prove that their actions were reasonable given the circumstances.
- e) **On the Grounds of Consent to Harm.** On the Grounds of Consent to Harm can be applied if all the parties to a possible violation of the law have, by agreement beforehand, clearly indicated their consent to the specific action to be taken or permitted. The risks of such harm must be lawful, reasonable and the degree of possible harm not excessive or life-threatening, nor may the actions taken involve a citizen that is not party to the agreement. The Burden of Proof lies with one or more of the parties, or a reliable witness to prove that their actions were conducted under a lawful agreement.

1.5 Principles of Complicity in Criminal Activity.

1.5.1 Complicity in a crime is defined as the intentional joint participation of two or more people in the commission of an intentional crime. The accomplices are liable for a crime committed by them jointly. Complicity is an aggravating factor in criminal offences.

1.5.2 A person is complicit in a crime if they intentionally and knowingly act as an accomplice and assist the person in the planning, execution or covering up the evidence of a crime.

1.6 Principles of an Unwilling Participant in Criminal Activity.

1.6.1 Under the Principle of an Unwilling Participant, if a suspect does not commit a crime themselves but is present at the scene of a crime against their will, or remains at the scene of a crime due to having no reasonable means of safely removing themselves from the scene of the crime, they may be considered an unwilling participant.

1.6.2 An unwilling participant may be detained, questioned and searched but if no evidence of them having committed a crime, or if there is no indication they participated in the commission of the crime, they should be released.

1.6.3 An unwilling participant is not considered an accomplice or liable for a crime committed in their presence unless evidence to the contrary is provided.

1.7 Principle of Commutation.

1.7.1 The Principle of Commutation is a reduction or substitution of the final sentence with a lesser sentence, fine or other punishment.

1.7.2 Commutation may be used to reduce any of the provisions or punishments as set out in this Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law, with the exception of a Class-5 Felony (★★★★★).

1.8 Principle of First Offence.

1.8.1 Commutation of sentence can be applied, at the discretion of the law enforcement officer, to a person who has committed a Class-1 Felony (★) or a Class-2 Felony (★★), by substituting the imprisonment with a fine of no less than (\$20,000).

1.9 Principle of Confession and/or Cooperation

1.9.1 Confession and cooperation by a suspect with an investigation may at the sentencing officer's discretion result in commutation of the final sentence.

1.10 Principles of a State Witness.

1.10.1 A participant in a crime or criminal activity may, in addition to their cooperation, provide evidence of criminal activity in exchange for exemption from prosecution or commutation of final sentence.

1.10.2 If valid evidence of a violation of the law can be provided by a suspect, law enforcement officers and/or representatives from the Department of Justice may offer the suspect exemption from prosecution or commutation of final sentence in exchange for the provision of such evidence.

1.10.3 Such an exemption does not constitute corruption or collusion with criminal elements if it is done in the interests of public safety and/or the security of the state.

1.10.4 The evidence shall be given and evaluated under Client-Attorney Privilege to a representative of the Department of Justice who shall determine the validity and weight of such evidence.

1.10.5 The validity and weight of this evidence must be considered and must be found to be both material and relevant to a further investigation before any such exemption is applied.

1.10.6 This Principle can only be applied if there is no financial gain or form of compensation by any party to these considerations, and the charge of corruption may apply if this is found to have occurred.

1.11 Principles of Punishments, Fines and Deprivations.

1.11.1 This Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law defines the types of punishments that may be imposed, which can be applied separately or combined.

- Imprisonment
- Compensation to the State (Fines).
- Compensation to the victim (Redress or Damages).
- Dismissal from a State Organisation
- Deprivation of the right to hold certain rank and or position in a State Organisation
- Deprivation of the right to enter one or any a State Organisation
- Demotion or reduction in rank and position in a State Organisation.
- Confiscation of property in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Civil and Procedural Law.
- Confinement in an Isolation Cell
- Conditional Bail depending on specific requirements
- Deprivation of the ability to post Bail or the right to Parole.

1.12 Principles of Sentencing for a Felony.

1.12.1 The final verdict of the court or a law enforcement officer contains the combined punishments, fines and deprivations, based on the severity of the crime(s) as defined by the Articles of this Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law.

1.12.2 The maximum duration of a period of imprisonment is 75-months, which can be increased to 85-months if confinement in an isolation cell is mandated.

1.12.3 All Sentences may be increased by an extra 10 months if the penal code prescribes it or for correctional offences committed by the inmate by placement into an isolation cell at the Federal Prison.

1.12.4 The maximum total of fines imposed by a law enforcement officer shall not exceed \$50,000.

1.12.5 General Classification and Types of Major Violations of the Law (Criminal Felonies):

- ★ **Class-1 Felony (15-months imprisonment and \$10,000 in Fines)**
- ★★ **Class-2 Felony (30-months imprisonment and \$20,000 in Fines)**
- ★★★ **Class-3 Felony (45-months imprisonment and \$30,000 in Fines)**
- ★★★★ **Class-4 Felony (60-months imprisonment and \$40,000 in Fines)**
- ★★★★★ **Class-5 Felony (75-months imprisonment and \$50,000 in Fines)**

1.13 Principles of Sentencing for a Misdemeanour.

1.13.1 A Misdemeanour does not ordinarily carry any period of imprisonment unless multiple misdemeanours are committed. A suspect, once identified and fined for a misdemeanour, is to be released immediately.

1.13.2 A suspect may not be searched in the event they have only committed a Misdemeanour.

1.13.3 In the event that a combination of misdemeanours by a suspect exceeds 5-Points, the suspect may be considered for a prison term of up to a maximum of 30-months in addition to a maximum fine of \$25,000 as per the limits on a misdemeanour.

1.13.4 General Classification and Types of Minor Violations of the Law (Criminal Misdemeanours)

- **1-Point Misdemeanour (no imprisonment and \$5,000 in Fines)**
- **2-Point Misdemeanour (no imprisonment and \$10,000 in Fines)**
- **3-Point Misdemeanour (no imprisonment and \$15,000 in Fines)**
- **4-Point Misdemeanour (no imprisonment and \$20,000 in Fines)**
- **5-Point Misdemeanour (no imprisonment and \$25,000 in Fines)**

Article 2. Crimes Against Society

2.1 Illicit Substances and Prohibited Items.

Crimes related to the storage, possession, transportation, distribution, or use of illicit substances such as narcotics, alcohol, or other prohibited items as defined in the Prohibited Items Appendix located at the end of this Criminal Code.

2.1.1 Possession of Narcotics.

First Offence: [●●● 3-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; \$15,000][Confiscation]

Repeat Offences: [★ Class-1 Felony][15-Months; \$10,000][Confiscation]

Definition: The possession of Narcotics to a total less than (5) items shall result in a seizure of all substances and the issue of a Fine. The Prison Term can be substituted for an increased Fine at the arresting officer's discretion.

2.1.2 Possession of Narcotics in Large Quantities.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Conditional Bail][Confiscation]

Definition: The possession of Narcotics of five (5) or more units but less than ten (10) shall result in a seizure of all substances, a Prison Term and the issue of a Fine. Bail shall only be granted if the suspect cooperates with law enforcement as to the origin of the narcotics.

2.1.3 Possession of Narcotics with the Intent to Distribute.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Conditional Bail][Confiscation]

Definition: The sale or attempted distribution of Narcotics in excess of ten (10) items shall result in a seizure of all substances, a Prison Term and the issue of a Fine. Bail shall only be granted if the suspect cooperates with law enforcement as to the origin of the narcotics.

2.1.4 Repealed and now forms part of Article 10.

2.1.5 Repealed and now forms part of Article 10.

2.1.6 Possession of Prohibited Items.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Confiscation]

Definition: The possession of two (2) or less prohibited items as defined in the Appendix.

2.1.7 Possession of Prohibited Items with the Intent to Distribute.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Conditional Bail][Confiscation]

Definition: The possession of three (3) or more prohibited items as defined in the Appendix. Bail shall only be granted if the suspect cooperates with law enforcement as to the origin of the prohibited items.

2.2 Murder or Attempted Murder of a Citizen.

2.2.1. Culpable Homicide/Manslaughter.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: An action that results in the death of another citizen through an act of negligence or carelessness (eg: striking a pedestrian with a car due to excessive speed, and not rendering aid).

2.2.2. Murder or Attempted Murder.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Murder or attempted murder is intentionally and unlawfully causing the death of another citizen through unlawful actions, or the attempt to do so.

2.2.3. Premeditated Murder or Attempted Premeditated Murder.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: Premeditated Murder or attempted Premeditated Murder is intentionally and unlawfully causing the death of another citizen through a pre-planned course of action, or the attempt to do so.

2.3 Assault by Threat.

2.3.1. Assault by Threat.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Threatening to unlawfully attack another person, If there is a sufficient reason or reasons to believe that any threat made has the likelihood of being followed through and the threat would include bodily harm.

2.3.2. Attempted Suicide.

[Unclassified Misdemeanour][No Prison; No Fine][Medical Intervention by EMS]

Definition: Any attempt at self-harm is that is non-fatal or any other self-directed potentially injurious behaviour with any intent to die or hurt themselves. Police officers should restrain a person and call EMS or transport them to the closest medical centre. It is an Unclassified Misdemeanour and does not carry any penalty unless committed with other misdemeanours or felonies.

2.4 Abandonment.

2.4.1. Abandonment.

[★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000]

Definition: Deliberate abandonment by a citizen of a person who is in a life threatening condition and is deprived of the opportunity to take measures for self-preservation as well as failure to provide assistance to a person who is in a life threatening situation. This shall not apply if there is unreasonable risk in providing assistance.

2.4.2. Abandonment by a Law Enforcement Officer or Civil Servant.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Deliberate abandonment by a civil servant of the state of a person who is in a life threatening condition and is deprived of the opportunity to take measures for self-preservation as well as failure to provide assistance to a person who is in a life threatening situation. This shall not apply if there is unreasonable risk in providing assistance (active gunfight or danger to the law enforcement officer).

2.5 Kidnapping.

2.5.1 Kidnapping or Attempted Kidnapping.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: The kidnapping or abduction, or any attempt at kidnapping or abduction, of a person who is a civilian.

2.5.2 Kidnapping or Attempted Kidnapping of a Civil Servant.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: The kidnapping or abduction, or any attempt at kidnapping or abduction, of a person who is a law enforcement officer or a civil servant of the state.

2.5.3 Kidnapping or Attempted Kidnapping of a State Official.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: The kidnapping or abduction, or any attempt at kidnapping or abduction, of a person who is a leader or deputy leader of a state organisation, or a government official.

2.6 Taking of a Hostage.

2.6.1 Taking of a Hostage.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: Taking or holding a person hostage in order to force that person's relatives, the state, or other institution, an individual, or official to commit any crime, or pay for the hostages release through money, equipment, or exchange of a suspect or prisoner.

2.7 Sexual Assault.

2.7.1 Sexual Harassment.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Unwanted and deliberate verbal harassment and advances of a sexual nature when the victim has clearly refused or expressed their wish to be left alone.

2.7.2 Sexual Assault.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Unwanted and deliberate touching, pinching, hugging, kissing or any other form of unwanted physical contact or repeated attempts when the victim has clearly refused.

2.7.3 Rape.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: Forced sexual acts of any nature with the use of or threat of physical violence or the helpless state of the victim.

2.8 Falsification of Documents.

2.8.1 Forgery.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: The illegal production or storage of any licences, permits, certificates, or health insurance.

2.8.2. Dealing in Forged Documents.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: The attempt to purchase or sell or purchase or offer to purchase any licences, permits, certificates, or health insurance.

2.9 Larceny or Theft.

2.9.1 Petty Larceny or Theft.

First Offence: [★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000]

Repeat Offences: [★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Petty Larceny is the theft, or the attempted theft of goods or money with a value less than \$25,000. This includes the robbery or attempted robbery of an ATM.

2.9.2 Grand Larceny or Theft.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Reimbursement]

[Additional: A reimbursement of the full value of the stolen property to the victim]

Definition: Grand Larceny is the theft, or the attempted theft of goods or money with a combined value greater than \$25,000 but not more than \$100,000.

2.9.3 Felony Larceny or Theft.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Reimbursement]

[Additional: A reimbursement of the full value of the stolen property to the victim]

Definition: The theft, or the attempted theft of goods or money with a combined value more than \$100,000.

2.9.4 Grand Theft Auto.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Revocation: Driving Licence]

Definition: The theft, or attempted theft, of a vehicle that does not belong to the suspect.

2.10 Robbery.

2.10.1. Armed Robbery.

[★★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][No Bail]

Definition: Open theft of someone's property or the attempt to do so, with the threat of or use of violence.

2.11 Heist.

2.11.1 Heist.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: An attack with the intent of taking possession of someone else's property, combined with violence dangerous to the life or health of the person who was attacked, or the threat of such, the full cost of the stolen property must be restituted.

2.12. Extortion.

2.12.1 Extortion.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Taking the possession of someone else's property or acquiring the right to someone else's property by any measures of non-violent coercion against the owner or another person.

2.13. Fraud.

2.13.1 Fraud.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Taking the possession of someone else's property or acquiring the right to someone else's property by deception or abuse of trust.

2.14 Creation of a Criminal Community.

2.14.1 Creation of a Criminal Community.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: The creation or organisation of any group with the intention of committing criminal activity.

2.15 Banditry.

2.15.1. Participation in Banditry.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Participation in, or assisting in the creation of a stable armed group in order to attack citizens or organisations.

2.15.2. Leading of Banditry.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Leadership of a stable armed group in order to attack citizens or organisations. This also applies to the person who is actively robbing a victim of their personal property during any act of Banditry.

2.16 Assault and Battery.

2.16.1 Assault.

[None; 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000]

Definition: Intentionally repeatedly pushing, pulling or similar assault that does not cause significant physical injuries to the victim.

2.16.2 Assault with Intent to Harm.

[★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000]

Definition: The intentional infliction of bodily harm of a medium gravity that is not life-threatening at the time of infliction.

2.16.3 Assault with Intent to Inflict Grievous Bodily Harm (Assault GBH).

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: The intentional infliction of bodily harm of a serious gravity (using either a close-combat weapon or unarmed) that is not life-threatening at the time of infliction.

2.17 Firearms Violations.

Violations of the Gun Laws of the State, including the possession, storage and use of firearms.

2.17.1 Unlicensed Firearms Carry.

[None; 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000]

Definition: Possession and or carrying of any firearm without a Firearms Licence from the authorities.

2.17.2 Excessive Firearms Carry (Overcarrying).

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Confiscation][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Possession of weapons and or ammunition on one person more than allowed by the current gun legislation in backpack or in a personal vehicle.

2.17.3 Possession of Illegal Firearms.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Confiscation][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Possession any firearms without an AMMO serial number.

2.17.4 Dealing in Illegal Firearms.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Confiscation][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: The sale or purchase of prohibited weapons in any form, or the possession of three (3) or more illegal firearms.

2.17.5 Possession of State Issued Items.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Possessing or wearing a taser, or a bullet proof vest with the marking of any state organisation, baton, or balaclavas without being an employee of the organisation which issued the equipment

2.17.6 Possession of Illegal Body Armour.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Possession of any bullet proof vest that is dyed or colored.

2.17.7. Brandishing a Firearm.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: The brandishing of a firearm with the intent to intimidate or otherwise frighten someone. This does not apply to merely holding a firearm, unless threats are made.

2.17.8. Discharging a Firearm.

First Offence: [●● 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000]

Repeat Offence: [★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: The discharge of a weapon without a legal reason anywhere in the state. This shall not apply to training shots, or shots on private property with owner's consent.

2.17.9 Public Carry of a Firearm.

First Offence: [●● 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000]

Repeat Offence: [★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000][Confiscation][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: The open carry of a firearm in the hand in a public area and without a lawful reason, after having been warned once by a law enforcement officer.

2.18 Misappropriation of a Vehicle.

2.18.1 Misappropriation of a Vehicle (Reckless Driving).

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Revocation: Drivers Licence]

Definition: Reckless driving or endangerment or otherwise hazardous operation of a vehicle that places the driver, passengers, or other members of the public's life or

health at risk. This crime does not include Speeding, unless the manner of driving is also dangerous or reckless

2.18.2 Misappropriation of an Official or State Vehicle.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][No Bail][Revocation: Drivers Licence]

Definition: Reckless driving or endangerment or otherwise hazardous operation of an official and/or state vehicle that places the driver, passengers, or other members of the public's life or health at risk. This shall not apply in the event of the driver responding to a state emergency or has both sirens and/or lights active as a warning.

2.18.3 Misuse of a Vehicle.

[★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000][Revocation: Drivers Licence]

Definition: A Person commits the offence of Misuse of a Vehicle when he or she operates any motor vehicle with the intent to annoy, harass, intimidate or obstruct another person or their vehicle.

2.18.4 Vehicle Used in Criminal Activity.

[None; 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000][Revocation: Drivers Licence]

Definition: A person commits the offence of misuse of a vehicle in criminal activity when the vehicle is used in the commission of any criminal activity (for example: as an escape vehicle or left behind at a crime scene). The owner of the vehicle shall be fined as per the Traffic Code if there is evidence that the owner was involved in the crime and their drivers licence shall be confiscated.

2.19 Pimping.

2.19.1 Pimping.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Forcing or controlling a person into the position of prostitution by any means, rather it be deception, blackmail, vulnerable state of a person, with or the threat of violence.

2.20 Prostitution.

2.20.1 Prostitution.

First Offence: [●● 2-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; \$10,000]

Repeat Offence: [★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000]

Definition: An attempt, offer, or completed act of any sexual act for any form of payment whether material, monetary, or favors shall be considered prostitution.

2.21 Hooliganism.

2.21.1 Hooliganism.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: A gross violation of public order, expressing clear disrespect for society, and going out of one's way to generally annoy or harass those around them.

Hooliganism also includes false calls for law enforcement, rescue personnel, obscene gestures, and repeated participation in races not approved by the government. Gross violations of the ethics code by civilians shall also incur this charge.

2.22 Bribery or Attempted Bribery Of An Official.

2.22.1 Bribery or Attempted Bribery Of An Official.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Offering, giving, transferring a bribe for any reason to any civil servant or public official.

2.23 Failure To Pay Fines.

2.23.1 Failure To Pay Fines.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$50,000][No Bail][Revocation: All Licences]

Definition: Fines issued are expected to be paid immediately through the mobile banking app, at the bank, or an ATM. At any time a citizen has accumulated fines in the amount of (\$50,000) they shall be given the option to pay by the arresting officer, if they are unable or refuse, then they shall be charged with failure to pay fines. If the person cannot be located when issuing a fine such as in the case of attempting to issue a parking ticket, then the person may be charged and added to the wanted list for failure to pay fines.

2.24 Evading Arrest.

2.24.1. Leaving the Scene.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Leaving the scene where a crime was committed when ordered by a law enforcement officer to remain at the scene for investigation purposes or the gathering of witness statements or evidence.

2.24.2. Evading Arrest.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Any attempt to evade arrest by Law Enforcement Officers or leading law enforcement on any form of foot or vehicular chase where the attempt is to escape being arrested.

2.25 Attempted or Actual Escape from Custody.

2.25.1 Attempted or Actual Escape from Custody.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: Attempting to or succeeding in the escape from custody.

2.26 Insubordination / Failure to Comply.

2.26.1 Insubordination / Failure to Comply.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Disobeying the legal requirements or otherwise lawful order from a law enforcement officer, or other civil servant.

2.27 Violations of Privacy or Personal Information.

2.27.1 Violation of Privacy.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Illegal collection, storage, use, and or dissemination of confidential information (personal data, professional secrets, etc.) about any person without that person's consent or a valid warrant.

2.28 Intentional Spreading of Disease.

2.28.1 Intentional Spreading of Disease.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: The infection of another person with any disease by a person who knew of the presence of a disease.

2.29 Breaking and Entering.

2.29.1 Breaking and Entering into a Private Residence.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Unlawfully or forcefully entering a house belonging to another person without their permission (for example: entering a house to attempt to rob it or to check who is in the house).

2.30 Animal Cruelty.

2.30.1 Animal Cruelty.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: The deliberate mistreatment, injury or abuse of an animal or pet. This does not include wildlife or animals that can be lawfully hunted.

2.30.2 Killing an Animal or Pet.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Unlawfully killing an animal or pet. This does not include wildlife or animals that can be lawfully hunted.

Article 3. Crimes against the State

3.1 Terrorism.

3.1.1 Terrorism as a Participant.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][No Bail][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Actively participating in any type of violence or the threat of violence with the purpose of frightening the population, creating the possibility of human death, causing significant property damage, destabilising the state or the onset of other grave consequences to the orderly governing of the state.

3.1.2 Leading of Terrorism.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Actively recruiting, leading or organising any type of violence or the threat of violence with the purpose of frightening the population, creating the possibility of human death, causing significant property damage, destabilising the state or the onset of other grave consequences to the orderly governing of the state.

3.2 Rioting.

3.2.1 Participating in a Riot.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Actively participating in a mass gathering where daily life of the civilian population, traffic, or the duties of a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state are disrupted or otherwise hindered.

3.2.2 Leading of a Riot.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Actively inciting, leading or organising a mass gathering where daily life of the civilian population, traffic, or the duties of a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state are disrupted or otherwise hindered.

3.3 Sedition.

3.3.1 Sedition as a Participant.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Actively participating in acts of rebellion, mass riots or actions to prevent orderly conduct of the state or government.

3.3.2 Leading of Sedition.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Blacklist 7-days]

Definition: Actively planning, inciting, leading or organising acts of rebellion, mass riots or actions to prevent orderly conduct of the state or government.

3.4 Treason (including Unlawful Seizure of Power or Attempted Coup D'état).

3.4.1 Treason as a Participant.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: Actively participating in an attempt to seize political power, or taking part in mass riots, as well as committing any action that leads to the destabilisation of the state system of San Andreas through any form other than peaceful protests or the formal election process shall be considered Treason.

3.4.2 Leading of Treason (High Treason).

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail][Blacklist: 28-days]

Definition: Actively leading or organising any attempt to seize political power, organising mass riots, as well as committing any action that leads to the destabilisation of the state system of San Andreas through any form other than peaceful protests or the formal election process shall be considered Treason. In rare cases punishment may also require deportation from the state.

3.5 Obstruction of Justice.

3.5.1 Obstruction of an Investigation.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Actively lying to, or otherwise attempting to deceive a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state during the course of an investigation, detention or arrest, or during a lawful traffic stop.

3.5.2 Obstruction of an Officer or Civil Servant.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Actively interfering, harassing or otherwise hindering a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state while they are performing their official duties to the state.

3.5.3 Obstruction of an Arrest or Detention.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Actively interfering, harassing or otherwise hindering a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state while they are lawfully arresting or detaining a suspect.

3.6 Murder or Attempted Murder of State Employee.

3.6.1. Murder, or Attempted Murder in the Line of Duty.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Murder or any attempted murder of a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state during specific activity (NG Raid, AMMO store or 24/7 Robbery). The law enforcement officer must clearly be recognisable as a State Employee through a uniform and/or wearing of body armour from a state organisation.

3.6.2. Murder, or Attempted Murder of a Civil Servant or Law Enforcement Officer.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail][Revocation: Gun Licence]

Definition: Murder or any attempted murder of a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state at any other time other than defined as a specific activity under 3.6.1. The law enforcement officer must clearly be recognisable as such through a uniform and/or wearing of body armour from a state organisation.

3.7 False Reporting.

3.7.1 False Reporting.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Knowingly giving false information about a crime or about the preparation or commission of any criminal activity.

3.8 Trespassing.

3.8.1. Trespassing.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Remaining in any communal property (plantations) or privately owned property after being ordered to leave at least two (2) times by the owner of the property, a representative of the owner (family member or employee), or a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state.

3.8.2. Trespassing in a Secure Facility.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Remaining in any secure facility or state owned property after being ordered to leave at least two (2) times by a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state. Where the location has been declared a No Trespassing Zone, or Red Zone, the requirement for any orders to leave is not required and this charge shall immediately apply.

3.9 Collusion.

3.9.1 Collusion with Criminal Elements.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklist]

Definition: Intentional cooperation with a known criminal organisation or a known criminal by a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state for any unlawful purpose.

3.11 Failure to Identify / Failure to Submit.

3.11.1 Failure to Submit Documents.

[★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000]

Definition: Refusal to provide documents such as a licence when required to do so or when asked by a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state.

3.11.2 Failure to Identify.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Refusal to identify (Passport and/or ID Document) when required to do so or ordered to by a law enforcement officer or civil servant. A law enforcement officer may not refuse to identify to another law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state, however undercover operations or investigations should not be compromised by an unreasonable demand to identify unless the undercover officer has already claimed to be an officer or agent working undercover and proof of this claim needs to be established.

3.12 Disclosure of State Secrets.

3.12.1 Disclosure of Information.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklist]

Definition: The disclosure of any information constituting a state secret by a person whom it was entrusted or became known in the service or work. State secret means information protected by the state in the field of its military, foreign policy, economic, intelligence, and counterintelligence, operational-search activities, the dissemination of which may harm the state or her citizens.

3.12.2 Disclosure of Classified Information.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][Dismissal][14-day Blacklist]

Definition: Disclosure of any information above that has been deemed classified is strictly prohibited to maintain State security and/or personnel safety.

3.13 Posing as a State Employee.

3.13.1 Posing as a Civil Servant.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Unauthorised appropriation of the powers and authority of a civil servant, or any attempt to do so, by a citizen. Outwardly wearing items normally restricted to organisational workers such as a medical mask or presenting as a lawyer without a valid lawyers licence will carry this charge as will pretending or otherwise impersonation of non-existent positions in government or the civil service.

3.13.2 Posing as a Law Enforcement Officer.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Unauthorised appropriation of the powers and authority of a law enforcement officer, or any attempt to do so, by a citizen. Outwardly wearing items normally restricted to law enforcement officers such as an armoured vest from a state organisation will carry this charge as will pretending or otherwise impersonation of non-existent positions in a law enforcement agency.

3.14 Corruption.

3.14.1 Corruption by a State Employee.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][14-day Blacklist]

Definition: Intentional cooperation with a known criminal organisation or a known criminal by a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state for any unlawful purpose and where there is clear evidence of personal, material or financial reward.

Article 4. Malfeasance by an Employee of the State

4.1. Disobeying Orders.

4.1.1 Disobeying an Order of a Superior.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklist]

Definition: The failure or refusal by an employee of a state organisation to comply with a direct lawful order of a superior within their organisation. If the order given is in violation of State Law, the Charter of their Organisation, or the Code of Conduct and Ethics, an employee has the right to refuse the order.

4.1.2 Disobeying an Order of a State Leader.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][14-day Blacklist]

Definition: The failure or refusal by an employee or leader of any state organisation to comply with a direct lawful order from the Governor of the State or their Deputy Governor(s). If the order given is in violation of State Law or the Code of Conduct and Ethics, an employee or leader of a state organisation has the right to refuse the order.

4.1.3 Disobeying an Order of a Judicial Authority.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklist]

Definition: The failure or refusal by an employee or leader of any state organisation to comply with a direct lawful order from the Attorney General, or a Judge of the Supreme Court, while they are performing their official duties to the justice system of the state. If the order given is in violation of State Law, or the Code of Conduct and Ethics, an employee has the right to refuse the order.

4.2. Professional Misconduct by an Official.

4.2.1 Negligence by a Civil Servant.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal]

Definition: Willful negligence in the performance of official duties, which entailed or has the potential of serious consequences and / or significant damage to the state or a state organisation. This charge does not apply to any routine administrative errors or any errors caused by a lack of training for the duties expected.

4.2.2 Negligence by a Law Enforcement Officer.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Dismissal]

Definition: Willful negligence in the performance of official duties as a law enforcement officer, which entailed or has the potential of serious consequences.

This charge does not apply to any routine administrative errors or any errors caused by a lack of training for the duties expected.

4.3. Sabotage.

4.3.1 Sabotage.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail][28-day Blacklisting]

Definition: The deliberate destruction or damage of weapons, ammunition or items of military equipment, as well as violation of the rules for the storage and operation of official equipment resulting in grave consequences.

4.4. Espionage.

4.4.1. Disclosure of Police Information.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklisting]

Definition: Disclosure of the data of operational-search activity or investigation without the permission of a detective or a person conducting operational or search activities by a person warned of the inadmissibility of their disclosure.

4.4.1. Disclosure of Federal Information.

[★★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][14-day Blacklisting]

Definition: Disclosure of any FIB or Federal Law Enforcement data of operational-search activity or investigation without the permission of a detective or a person conducting operational or search activities by a person warned of the inadmissibility of their disclosure.

4.4.2. Disclosure of State Information.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][Dismissal][28-day Blacklisting]

Definition: The disclosure of any State Government or Classified information to any target of an investigation that has been classified or any warning of any one of the servings of a warrant, or warning of a Homeland Security inspection or raid.

4.5. Arbitrariness.

4.5.1 Arbitrariness.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Any unauthorised, contrary to the procedure established by law or other regulatory legal act, the commission of any actions by an employee of a state organisation or a civilian, the legality of which is disputed by an organisation or a citizen.

4.6. Receiving a Bribe.

4.6.1 Receiving a Bribe.

[★★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][14-day Blacklisting]

Definition: Receipt by an official of any form of payment or material reward in exchange for the performance or non-performance of an action in the interests of the bribe-giver.

4.7. Conduct Unbecoming.

4.7.1 Conduct Unbecoming.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Dismissal]

Definition: Multiple violations (more than 5) of the ethics code when interacting with members of the public, coworkers, or members of another state organisation.

4.7.2 Gross Ethics Violations.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Dismissal][7-Blacklist]

Definition: A gross ethics violation is defined as ten (10) or more ethics code violations in a single interaction.

Article 5. Traffic Statute Crimes

5.1 Speeding.

Definition: Speeding is defined as any driving of a vehicle at speeds exceeding the legally mandated speed limit for that type of road or special location. This shall not apply in the event of the driver being a law enforcement officer responding to a state emergency and/or the vehicle has both sirens and lights active as a warning.

The established speed limits as defined in the current law are:

The general speed limit is 120km/h.

The highway speed limit is 180km/h.

The special zone speed limit is 60km/h.

5.1.1. Speeding up to 30km over the Speed Limit.

[None; 1-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; Fine \$5,000]

5.1.2 Speeding up to 60km over the Speed Limit.

[None; 2-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; Fine \$10,000]

5.1.3 Speeding up to 90km over the Speed Limit.

[None; 3-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; Fine \$15,000]

5.1.4 Speeding in Excess of 90km over the Speed Limit.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Revocation: Driver's Licence]

5.2 Parking Violations

5.2.1 Parking.

Refer to the Code of Traffic and Vehicle Law article 6 section 2 for the parking violation and Code of Traffic and Vehicle Law Article 6 section 3 for Fine amount.

5.2.2 Parking (Special Zone).

Refer to Traffic Code Article 7, all sections

5.3 Habitual Traffic Offender.

Definition: A habitual traffic offender is defined as a person who has regularly and consistently violated the Traffic Statutes by committing either speeding or parking violations. This can consist of:

- Three (3) parking violations of the same type (speeding or parking) within seven (7) days
- Three (3) moving violations of the same type (speeding or parking) within seven (7) days.
- Seven (7) of any violation (speeding and parking) within seven (7) days.

Habitual Traffic Offenders shall be punished by the revocation of Driver's Licence. This must be approved by a high command of the law enforcement officer or a judge from the Department of Justice.

5.4 Aircraft Inspection.

Pilot Licence Checks, Drug Interdiction and Safety Inspections of Aircraft coming into Sandy Shores Municipal Airfield. Operations shall be conducted by officers certified by a training program to be developed by the SAHP and may include any joint operation as requested by the current leader of SAHP with other organisations. The checks shall be of a mandatory or random nature in the form of each plane is searched and checked, or every third plane shall be checked. The plane, pilot, and anyone else aboard the plane shall be identified, checked for wanted levels/active warrants and searched for contraband. Anyone found in possession of

illegal items shall face the applicable charges listed in the penal code as well as the revocation of their pilots Licence (Air Transport Licence).

5.5 Abandoning a Vehicle.

5.5.1 Abandoning a Vehicle.

[None; 1-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; Fine \$5,000][Impound]

Definition: Abandoning or otherwise leaving a vehicle in places not established by the Traffic Code shall result in the Impounding of the vehicle. The vehicle will be towed to the impound lot.

5.6 Unsafe Transporting of a Passenger.

5.6.1 Unsafe Transporting of a Passenger.

[None; 2-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; Fine \$10,000]

Definition: Transporting people in the trunk of a vehicle.

Article 6. Judicial Crimes

6.1. Contempt of Court.

6.1.1 Contempt of Court.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Defying a court order, warrant or subpoena or disrespecting the judicial process.

6.1.1 Contempt of Court by a State Employee.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklisting]

Definition: Defying a court order, warrant or subpoena or disrespecting the judicial process by a state employee.

6.2 Disruption of the Trial.

6.2.1 Disruption of the Trial.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000]

Definition: Interfering in a judicial process with the aim of disrupting it, as well as obstructing the performance of their official duties by members of the judicial process.

6.2.2 Disruption of the Trial by a State Employee.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklisting]

Definition: Interference by a state employee in any judicial process with the aim of disrupting it, as well as obstructing the performance of their official duties by members of the judicial process.

6.3 Threats to Litigants.

6.3.1 Threats to Litigants.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][No Bail]

Definition: Harassment, or threats of violence to any member of the judicial chamber or any participant of a trial, or pending court proceedings.

6.4 Falsification of Evidence.

6.4.1 Falsification of Evidence.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: Tampering with, or the misuse of evidence in a pending case, as well as the concealment or destruction of evidence of primary importance that is directly related to any investigation.

6.5 Perjury

6.5.1 Perjury.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000]

Definition: The giving of false testimony by a citizen during a trial or investigation by law enforcement agencies

Article 7. Firearms Violations

Violations of the Gun Laws of the State, including the possession, storage and use of firearms and ammunition. This Article will be published with the Amendments to the Gun Laws of the State and the Penal Code 2.17 will be repealed.

Article 8. Commercial and Taxation Crimes

8.1 Selling of Prohibited Items in Public Shops

8.1.1 Selling of Prohibited Items.

[★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$20,000][Confiscation]

Definition: The sell or resell of less than five (5) items listed in the prohibited items addendum in any shop accessible to the public.

8.1.2 Distribution of Prohibited Items.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Confiscation]

Definition: The sell or resell of five (5) to ten (10) or more items listed in the prohibited items addendum in any shop accessible to the public.

8.1.3 Dealing in Prohibited Items.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Confiscation]

Definition: The sell or resell of more than ten (10) items listed in the prohibited items addendum in any shop accessible to the public.

8.2 False Advertising.

8.2.1 False Advertising.

[●●● 3-Point Misdemeanour][No Prison; Fine \$15,000]

Definition: Publicly circulating an advertisement containing a false, misleading, or deceptive statement, made intentionally or recklessly to promote the sale of property, goods, or services to the public. The provider of these services, such as Life Invader is not liable, unless there is proof of complicity, as they perform their duties in good faith.

8.3 Tax Evasion

8.3.1 Tax Evasion.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Tax Penalty: \$50,000]

Definition: Any intentional attempt to avoid paying taxes on a business when required to.

8.3.2 Felony Tax Evasion.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][60-months; \$40,000][Tax Penalty: \$100,000]

Definition: Any intentional attempt to avoid paying taxes on a business through fraud or deceit.

Article 9. Correctional Crimes

9.1 Crimes by Inmates/Violations of the Rules of the Department of Corrections.

9.1.1. Failure to Behave

[+10-Months; Isolation]

Definition: Repeated (3 or more) violations of the rules of conduct and order by a prisoner. This includes repeated insults or making excessive noise by a prisoner.

9.1.2. Failure to Comply

[+10-Months; Isolation]

Definition: Repeated (3 or more) disobedience to the legal requirements of the prison staff

9.1.3. Sexual Acts with Inmates

[+10-Months; Isolation]

Definition: Any sexual acts committed between prisoners

9.1.4. Sabotage

[+10-Months; Isolation]

Definition: Any breaking into, or attempt to break into, the prison's security system

9.1.5. Attempted Escape

[+10-Months; Isolation]

Definition: Any escape or attempted escape by no more than two (2) prisoners

9.1.6. Attempted Mass Escape

[+10-Months; Isolation].

Definition: Any organisation of a mass escape (three or more prisoners) or an attempt to organise a mass escape by prisoners

9.1.7. Incitement to Riot

[+10-Months; Isolation].

Definition: Any organisation of mass riots or an attempt to organise a riot on the territory of the correctional institution.

9.1.8. Rioting

[+10-Months; Isolation].

Definition: Any participation in a mass riot on the territory of the correctional institution.

9.1.9. Assaulting an Officer

[+10-Months; Isolation].

Definition: Any attack, or attempted attack, on a law enforcement officer or prison officer by a prisoner, while serving time at the prison.

9.2 Smuggling of Contraband.

9.2.1 Smuggling of Contraband.

[★★★ Class-3 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: The handing over of any prohibited items to prisoners by a civilian.

9.2.2 Smuggling of Contraband by a State Employee.

[★★★★ Class-4 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Dismissal][7-day Blacklist]

Definition: The handing over of any prohibited items to prisoners by an employee of a government organisation.

9.3 Aiding an Escape from Prison or Custody.

9.3.1 Aiding an Escape.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: Contributing to the escape of less than 3 prisoners by a citizen of the state.

9.3.2 Aiding an Escape by a State Employee.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][45-months; \$30,000][Dismissal][No Bail][14-day Blacklist]

Definition: Contributing to a mass escape (three or more prisoners) by a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state.

9.4 Aiding a Mass Escape from Prison or Custody.

9.4.1 Aiding a Mass Escape.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][No Bail]

Definition: Contributing to the escape of less than 3 prisoners by a citizen of the state.

9.4.1 Aiding a Mass Escape.

[★★★★★ Class-5 Felony][75-months; \$50,000][Dismissal][No Bail][28-day Blacklist]

Definition: Contributing to a mass escape (three or more prisoners) by a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state.

9.5 Sexual Acts with Inmates

9.5.1 Sexual Acts with Inmates by a Civilian.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000]

Definition: Any sexual acts committed with prisoners by a civilian.

9.5.2 Sexual Acts with Inmates by a State Employee.

[★★ Class-2 Felony][30-months; \$20,000][Dismissal]

Definition: Any sexual acts committed with prisoners by a law enforcement officer or civil servant of the state.

Article 10 Violations of Public Order

10.1 Misdemeanours in a Public Area.

10.1.1 Public Obscenity.

[● 1-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$5,000]

Definition: Excessive verbal vulgarity, swearing or offensive language in a public space, after having been warned once by a law enforcement officer.

10.1.2 Public Nudity.

[● 1-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$5,000]

Definition: Showing underwear or walking naked in a public space, after having been warned once by a law enforcement officer.

10.1.3 Public Nuisance.

[●● 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000]

Definition: Screaming or making any overly loud noises in a public space, after having been warned once by a law enforcement officer.

10.1.4 Public Drunkenness.

[●● 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000][Confiscation]

Definition: Any alcohol induced state outside of a residence or bar, after having been warned once by a law enforcement officer.

10.1.5 Public Intoxication (Drug Use).

[●●● 3-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$15,000][Confiscation]

Definition: The use of any narcotics in a public space. No warning is required from a law enforcement officer.

10.1.6 Public Harassment.

First Offence [●● 2-Point Misdemeanour][None; \$10,000]

Repeated Offences [★ Class-1 Felony][15-months; \$10,000]

Definition: Any unwanted verbal and non-verbal form of repeated harassment of another citizen in a public area, after having been asked to stop by the victim or warned once by a law enforcement officer.

Appendix A. List of Prohibited Items

A.1. Firearms and Related Items:

A.1.1 All Firearms without a Serial/AMMO Number

Note: A painted weapon cannot be proven to not have a Serial/AMMO Number and thus under law cannot be proven beyond a reasonable doubt to be illegal in origin.

A.1.2 Armoured Vest that is dyed or colored in any way.

Note: Only the default grey vests from an Ammunition are legal to possess.

A.1.3 Components or parts for any type of firearms.

Note: Scrap Metal is legal to possess and is not considered a prohibited item.

A.2 State Issued Firearms and Related Items.

A.2.1 State Issued Firearms (with the Marking GOV/FIB/LSPD/SAHP/NG) (exception: employee of state organisation with permission from leader of state organisation)

A.2.2 Armoured Vest with government markings (GOV/FIB/LSPD/SAHP/NG) (exception: employee of state organisation with permission from leader of state organisation)

A.2.3 Baton/Nightstick (exception: employee of state organisation with permission from high command of state organisation)

A.2.4 Stun-Gun/Taser (exception: employee of state organisation with permission from high command of state organisation)

A.3 State Issued Masks:

A.3.1 Balaclava.

A.3.2 EMS Medical Mask (exception: employee of EMS or authorised State Employee)

A.4 Illicit Substances/Narcotics:

A.4.1 Cocaine.

A.4.2 Marijuana/drugs.

A.5 Items Prohibited from Selling in Public Shops (as per the Tax Regulations and Law):

A.5.1 Any kind of Firearms or Ammunition for Firearms

A.5.2 Any kind of Alcohol or Drugs

A.5.3 Any kind of Medical Products (pills, medkits, etc.)

A.5.4 Any type of Licence

A.5.5 Armoured Vest with state markings (GOV/FIB/LSPD/SAHP/NG).

A.5.6 Components or parts for any type of firearms.

A.5.7 Any items listed in Appendix A.6

A.6 Items Used in the Commission of Criminal Activity:

A.6.1 Key Sets/Lockpicks

A.6.2 False or Fake Documents

A.6.3 Flash Drive with Virus

A.6.4 Vehicle Scanner

A.6.5 People Scanner

A.6.6 Paper for Counterfeit Money

A.6.7 Counterfeit Money

Credit and Copyright

This work, and the others in this series of legislative enhancement are produced and promulgated in the interests of justice and the promotion of the legal rights of all citizens of the State of San Andreas.

All Articles of this Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law reviewed and amended by Poppy Lasombra, the Governor of the State in the 6th Month of 2022, with council and assistance from the Supreme Court Justices Fred Fredrickson, Havoc McKenna and Vincent Vega, and the Attorney General's Office and Lawyers of the State (Tyler Banks, Hector DeLion, Ash Helms, David Winter).

Built upon from previous work on the Penal Code of the State Of San-Andreas by the Honourable Ansenn Pickens, Speaker of the House of Representatives in the 11th Month of the year of our lord 2021.

Originally derived from work laid out by the Whitewind Law Office, Lane Stevens, and Ni Bjeebies from another city with a great history.

Signed into Legislation By

Poppy Lasombra

Governor of the State of San Andreas

Version History and Changes

First Edition. Published on the 12th of June 2022.

First Edition formally changed the Penal Codes of the State to the Code of Criminal and Misdemeanour Law.

Changes to the format and addition of a Misdemeanour System to the State.

Clarified the Principles of Criminal Law.

Added the Principle of a State Witness to the Criminal Codes.

All Penal Codes standardised in terms of Prison Terms and Fines for ease of use by Law Enforcement

Removed the forced requirement for Isolation from all Penal Codes. Isolation is determined solely by the behaviour and actions of a prisoner at the discretion of the DOC Officers or Law Enforcement.

Definitions Refined and Clarified where needed due to misunderstandings as to the purpose and requirements of those Penal Codes.

Where practical, Penal Codes of a similar type Grouped together under their own new Article.

Article 10 Added with the Public Order Misdemeanours.

Added the missing Appendix and List of Prohibited Items.

Penal Codes Added or Changed:

2.9 Theft now has clear tiers as to the value of goods stolen and ATM robberies defined under this.

2.18 Added Misuse of a Vehicle and Use of a Vehicle in the commission of a crime.

2.29 Added Breaking and Entering.

2.30 Added Animal Cruelty for pets and service dogs.

5.1 Speeding now has clear tiers and is considered a Misdemeanour. Only excessive speeding is a Felony with its own PC.

9.1.9 Added Assaulting an Officer as a violation while in the DOC.

First Amendment. Published on the 03th of July 2022.

Changed Document Format. Document is searchable and Roman Numerals removed. Letters used in correct legal format.

Added the Version History and Changes Record.

1.13.2 Added Clarification: A suspect may not be searched in the event they have only committed a Misdemeanour. This was stated in the laws for searching a suspect in the Civil Code. Added here for clarity that a search is only permitted if detained or arrested for a Felony Crime.

A.5.7 Added the Items used in Criminal Activity as Prohibited Items for Public Sale at Beach Market. As reported to the DOJ, some of these items can actually be sold at the Beach Market but are otherwise illegal.

A.6.7 Added Counterfeit Money as this was omitted from the Appendix List

Penal Codes Added or Changed:

2.4 Added unreasonable risk as a defence or provision where assistance cannot be given.

3.11.2 Added clarification as to when Identification is required and when it may reasonably be refused during undercover operations.

3.11.2 Corrected error on Penal Code Prison Term and Fine.

3.4.2 and **1.11** Removed Deportation and reference to the punishment from listed punishments.